

## पेंशन निधि विनियामक और विकास प्राधिकरण

बी-14/ए, छत्रपति शिवाजी भवन, कतब संस्थागत क्षेत्र, कटवारिया सराय, नई दिल्ली-110016.

फैक्स : 011-26517507 वेबसाइट : www.pfrda.org.in

दुरभाष : 011-26517501, 26517503, 26133730

## PENSION FUND REGULATORY AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

B-14/A, Chhatrapati Shivaji Bhawan, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016.

Ph: 011-26517501, 26517503, 26133730

Fax: 011-26517507 Website: www.pfrda.org.in

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## Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

## on Exit from NPS

for Central Government Sector (CG) and Central Autonomous Bodies (CABs)

**DISCLAIMER**: For detailed provisions and regulations, please refer PFRDA (Exit and Withdrawal under National Pension System) Regulations 2015 and subsequent amendments under it. The same are also available on website of PFRDA at www.pfrda.org.in.

Question	Answer
1. What is an exit?	An exit is defined as closure of individual pension account of the subscriber under National Pension System.
2. When can I exit from NPS?	A subscriber can exit from NPS at any point but complete withdrawal is subject to certain conditions.
3. Whether pre-mature exit and voluntary retirement are same or not?	
-	However, eligibility & terms of Voluntary retirement are defined/governed by service rules and regulations of the respective organization.
4. What shall be my benefits, if I	Pre-mature exit or Voluntary retirement-
opt for pre-mature exit from NPS?	Minimum Annuitisation- 80% of accumulated wealth.
	Maximum Lump sum Withdrawal- 20% of accumulated wealth.
	If the accumulated pension wealth of the subscriber is equal to or less than one lakh rupees or a limit to be



5. What shall be my benefits, if I retire/ superannuate from NPS?

specified by the Authority, such subscriber shall have the option to withdraw the entire accumulated pension wealth without purchasing any annuity.

Retirement / Superannuation -

Minimum Annuitisation- 40% of accumulated wealth.

Maximum Lump sum Withdrawal- 60% of accumulated wealth.

The Subscriber may choose to purchase an annuity for an amount greater than 40 percent also.

If the accumulated pension wealth of the subscriber is equal to or less than two lakh rupees, or a limit to be specified by the Authority, such subscriber shall have the option to withdraw the entire accumulated pension wealth without purchasing any annuity.

- 6. What are the provisions to settle the cases in the unfortunate death of the NPS subscriber during the service?
- 1. As per Office Memorandum No. 38/41/06/P&PW (A) dated. 05.05.2009, the central government subscribers covered under NPS are eligible for family pension in case of death / disability during the service.
- 2. If the family member opts for family pension as per regulations all the accumulated wealth shall be transferred to the bank account of the nodal office for further settlement as per government directives.
- 3. However our exit regulations say ( not applicable as mentioned above )  $\,$
- (i). In case of Death:
   Minimum Annuitisation- 80% of accumulated wealth.
   Maximum Lump sum Withdrawal- 20% of accumulated wealth.
- (ii). In Case of disability/incapacitation of subscriber Minimum Annuitisation- 40% of accumulated wealth. Maximum Lump sum Withdrawal- 60% of accumulated wealth.



Authority has also notified regulations under PFRDA(exit and withdrawal under NPS) (third amendment) 2018, for facilitating normal exit from NPS to the subscribers with disability and incapacitation during the accumulation phase. 3. If the accumulated pension wealth of the subscriber is equal to or less than two lakh rupees, or a limit to be specified by the Authority, such nominees/legal heirs shall have the option to withdraw the entire accumulated pension wealth without purchasing any annuity. 7. What are the provisions to settle Where no valid nomination exists in accordance with the cases in the unfortunate these regulations, at the time of exit of such subscriber death of the NPS subscriber on account of death, the nomination, if any existing in during the service and no the records of such subscriber with his or her employer nomination has been provided for the purpose of receiving other admissible terminal in the account? benefits shall be treated as nomination exercised for the purposes of receiving benefits under the National Pension System. The employer shall send a confirmation of such nomination in its records, to the National Pension System Trust or the central recordkeeping agency, while forwarding the claim for processing. 8. Can I defer my lump sum in No. case of pre-mature exit from the system? 9. Can I defer my lump sum in Yes. case of retirement The lump sum can be deferred till the age of 70 years superannuation? If yes, what which can be withdrawn at any time between the provisions and superannuation and 70 years of age or every year till requirements to avail this age of 70 years. The subscriber has to give in writing facility? (intimation to the employer) in the specified form at least fifteen days before the attainment of age of superannuation and same should be authorized by the associated Nodal office in the CRA system . If deferment is availed by the subscriber, subscriber has to bear the maintenance charges like CRA, PFM etc. 10. Can I defer my annuity at Yes.

the time or retirement/superannuation? In yes, what are the provisions?	period of 3 years. The subscriber has to give in writing (intimation to the employer) at least fifteen days before the attainment of age of superannuation and same should be authorized by the associated Nodal office in the CRA system.
	If the death of the subscriber occurs before such due date of purchase of an annuity after the deferment, the annuity shall mandatorily be purchased by the spouse.
11. Can I defer both lump sum and annuity at the time of retirement/superannuation?	
12. Can I keep on contributing in my Tier-1 account even after retirement / superannuation?	Yes. The Subscriber shall have the option to do so by giving in writing and up to which age he would like to contribute to his individual pension account but not exceeding seventy years of age.
	In such scenario, subscriber has to shift his/her PRAN to any POP or e-NPS. Nodal office shall not assist in uploading of contribution after the date of superannuation. Subscriber has to operate account in his/her individual capacity only.
	Such option shall be exercised at least fifteen days prior to the age of attaining sixty years or age or superannuation, as the case may be, and same should be authorized by the associated Nodal office in the CRA system.
	Subscriber has to bear the maintenance charges like PoP, CRA, PFM etc.
13. If I continue my Tier-1 account even after retirement / superannuation, Can I avail the facility of deferment of lump sum and annuity during the extended period?	No, Upon exercise of the option of continuation after the superannuation, the other options of deferment of benefits (lump sum and annuity) shall not be available to such a subscriber.
extension any time before the	Even after exercise of such option, the subscriber may exit at any point of time from National Pension System, by submitting a withdrawal request as prescribed.



I have to continue the Tier -1 till the age of 70 years?	
15. Who shall bear the transaction and other charges, in I avail the facility of continuation of Tier-1 account after the retirement / superannuation?	f including maintenance charges like PoP , CRA, PFN etc., if he avails such facility.
16. Can I continue my Tier-2 account after the closure of Tier -1 account?	Upon exit from Tier 1 account, the Tier 2 account gets closed automatically.
17. Can I continue my Tier -2 account, if decide to continue Tier-1 account even after the retirement / superannuation?	Yes. A subscriber can contribute to his Tier 2 account till the time he has an active Tier 1 account.
18. What is annuity?	An annuity is a product that pays out regular income. It is a contract for deferred payment. The main objective of an annuity is to give regular income to the subscriber even after retirement/working age.
19. In case of pre-mature exit, when will my annuity start i.e. immediately or after the age of 60 years?	Annuity starts immediately after the minimum age required for purchasing any annuity (depending upon choice of ASP and Annuity scheme. For e.g. 30, 35 or 38) from any of the empanelled annuity service providers. Subscriber need not wait till the age of 60 years.
options available to me under	The following are the most common variants that are available:  a) Default scheme: Annuity for life of the subscriber and his or her spouse (if any) with provision for return of purchase price of the annuity- After the demise of such subscriber, the annuity will be re-issued to the family members in the order specified hereunder:  (a) living dependent mother; (b) living dependent father.  After the coverage of all the family members specified above, the purchase price shall be
	returned to the surviving children of the subscriber and in the absence of children.



the legal heirs of the subscriber, as may be applicable.

If subscriber does not want to purchase default annuity scheme, he may choose any of the following schemes:

- b) Annuity for life with return of purchase price (amount given to annuity service provider) on death- Employee shall get annuity (monthly pension) till he/she is alive and payment of annuity ceases on the death and the purchase price is returned to the nominee.
- c) Annuity guaranteed for 5, 10, 15 or 20 years and for life thereafter
  - On death during the guarantee period

     Employee shall get annuity and after his/her death during the guaranteed period, annuity is paid to the nominee till the end of the guaranteed period after which the same ceases and no return of purchase price to the nominee.
  - On death after the guarantee period –
     Employee shall get payment of annuity till
     he/she is alive even after the guaranteed
     period and annuity ceases after his/her
     death and no return of purchase price to
     nominee.
- d) Annuity for life Employee shall get payment of annuity till he/she is alive & payment of annuity ceases on death and no return of purchase price to nominee.
- e) Annuity for life increasing at simple rate of 3% p.a. Employee shall get payment of annuity till he/she is alive & payment of annuity ceases on death and no return of purchase price to nominee.
- f) Annuity for life with a provision for 50% of the annuity to the spouse of the annuitant for life on death of the annuitant- Payment of annuity ceases on death of subscriber and 50% of the annuity is paid to the surviving named spouse during his/her life time. If the spouse predeceases



the annuitant, payment of annuity will cease after the death of the annuitant. It can be with or without return of purchase price. g) Annuity for life with a provision of 100% of the annuity payable to spouse during his/her lifetime on death of the annuitant .- Payment of annuity ceases after death of the annuitant and full annuity is payable to the surviving named spouse during his/her life time. If the spouse predeceases the annuitant, the annuity ceases after death of the annuitant. It can be with or without return of purchase price. Subscriber can also add spouse in any of the variants (other than default) above. All ASPs may not provide all the variants .lt may vary from ASP to ASP. Pricing of annuity also varies ASP to ASP. 21. Whether I have to go by the The subscriber can choose any other annuity, other default annuity or I have a than default annuity, available with the empanelled Annuity Service Providers (ASPs). choice to decide other annuity type also? 22. Where can I check the rates Details of annuity rates and other details may be offered by the annuity service checked on CRA website (link given below). providers on various type of https://www.npscra.nsdl.co.in/annuity-serviceproviders.php annuities? Can I change my annuity 23. Once annuity is purchased, the option service provider or annuity type cancellation or reinvestment with another Annuity Service Provider or in other annuity scheme shall not any time? be allowed unless the same is within the time limit specified by the Annuity Service Provider, for the free look period as provided in the terms of the annuity contract or specifically provided by the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority. 24. What functions Annuity Service Providers (ASPs) are empaneled by are performed by Annuity Service PFRDA to annuity to subscribers through their various schemes. Subscribers will have the option to invest Providers (ASPs)? amount into one annuity scheme retirement/resignation. ASPs would be responsible for delivering a regular monthly pension (annuity) to the



25. Is it mandatory to purchase	subscriber for the rest of his/her life.
The reactory to purchase	
annuity under NPS at the time	subscriber/nominees/legal heirs can withdraw the
of exit?	whole accumulated wealth.
26. Which companies are	
ale	and medianee outporation of ingla
empanelled under PFRDA as	2. SBI Life Insurance Co. Ltd.
Annuity Service Providers	0 10101 -
(ASPs)?	4. HDFC Standard Life Insurance Co I to
	5. Star Union Dai-ichi Life Insurance Co. Ltd
27. Will I get back the amount	*Subject to change from time to time.
got baok the allloult	Only in annuity types where there is provision of return
invested for annuity purchase?	of purchase price.
28. In case of retirement /	CRA network sends a communication 6 months before
superannuation, when should I	the superannuation/retirement date generating a Claim
submit my withdrawal request	ID to the subscriber and nodal office. It is advisable
i.e. after the date of retirement	that the subscriber should submit all the documents to
or before the retirement?	the nodal office atleast 1 month before the
or before the retirement?	superannuation/retirement date.
29. Can I withdraw before	Yes, it is termed as Partial Withdrawal.
attaining the age of retirement /	https://npscra.nsdl.co.in/central-forms.php
superannuation?	Р
30. If yes, how much amount	Up to 25% of the contribution made by the subscriber
can be withdrawn?	(without considering the appreciation /returns on the
	amount ) as on date of application of withdrawal.
24 0 1 111	
	No.
of times during the service?	A subscriber is allowed to withdraw only three times
	during the entire tenure of service.
32. What are the conditions	Conditions:
under which partial withdrawal	The subscriber shall have been in the National
can happen?	Pension System at least for a period of three years
an nappon:	from the date of his or her joining;
	<ol> <li>Withdrawal is allowed for some specific purposes</li> </ol>
	only.
	a) For the higher education of children
	b) For the marriage of children
	c) For the purchase/construction of residential
	house or flat in his or her own name or in a joint
	nouse of hat in his of her own hame of in a joint



	name with his or her legally wedded spouse. In case, the subscriber already owns either individually or in the joint name a residential house or flat, other than ancestral property, no withdrawal under these regulations shall be permitted.
	<ul> <li>d) Treatment for prescribed illnesses – suffered by subscriber, his legally wedded spouse, children including a legally adopted child and dependent parents.</li> <li>Prescribed illnesses includes: <ul> <li>(i) Cancer;</li> <li>(ii) Kidney Failure (End Stage Renal Failure);</li> <li>(iii) Primary Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension;</li> <li>(iv) Multiple Sclerosis;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(v) Major Organ Transplant;</li> <li>(vi) Coronary Artery Bypass Graft;</li> <li>(vii) Aorta Graft Surgery;</li> <li>(viii) Heart Valve Surgery;</li> <li>(ix) Stroke;</li> <li>(x) Myocardial Infarction</li> <li>(xi) Coma;</li> <li>(xii) Total blindness;</li> <li>(xiii) Paralysis;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(xiv) Accident of serious/ life threatening nature.</li> <li>(xv) Any other critical illness of a life threatening nature as stipulated in the circulars, guidelines or notifications issued by the Authority from time to time.</li> <li>e) To meet medical and incidental expenses arising out of the disability or incapacitation suffered by the subscriber.</li> </ul>
33. If I avail partial withdrawal facility, will I get the same benefit as applicable at the time of retirement/ superannuation?	Yes.
34. Whether I am eligible for Gratuity?	Yes as per latest OM No. 7/5/2012-P&PW(F)/B dt. 26.08.2016 issued by Department of Pension and Pensioners Welfare, the Central Government employees covered under NPS are eligible for 'Retirement Gratuity and Death Gratuity'.
35. What are tax benefits available under IT Act, 1961 for Tier 1 Account?	I) On Contributions: Employee's own Contribution- Eligible for tax deduction under sec 80 CCD (1) of Income Tax Act up to 10% of salary (Basic + DA) within the overall ceiling



of Rs. 1.50 Lacs under Sec. 80 C of the Income Tax From F.Y. 2015-16, subscriber will be allowed tax deduction in addition to the deduction allowed under Sec. 80CCD(1) for contribution in his NPS account subject to maximum of Rs. 50,000/- under sec. 80CCD 1(B). Employer's contribution: Up to 10% of Basic & DA (no upper monetary ceiling) under 80CCD(2). This rebate is over and above 80 C. (This tax benefit is only available for NPS subscribers). II) Partial Withdrawal- Tax free. 111) Lump sum Withdrawal-In case superannuation, 40% lump of sum withdrawal is tax free. Annuity- Amount utilized for purchase of IV) annuity is not taxable in the hands of the subscriber. 36 What are No tax benefit is available for Tier 2 account. tax benefits available under IT Act, 1961 for Tier 2 Account? 37 Where can I find list of **Particulars** Form No. important forms related to exit a) Superannuation 101 and withdrawal? b) Pre mature Exit 102 c) Death 103

For PFRDA

(Venkateshwarlu Peri)

Chief General Manager